NOW ON SALE

The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 23. CHICAGO, TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1870. NUMBER 341.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CANVASSERS FOR two new publications. Apply at 10 o'clock at 79 CLARK-ST., Room 3.

WANTED—A MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS THE care of horses and can influence a country trade for one of Kimball's Pianos. Call at Carter No. 9, Market-st.

WANTED—A MAN IN A GROCERY OFFICE who can write a good hand. Address, stating salary, Box 2, Tribune office.

WANTED—STATION MEN FOR GRAND trunk railroad; wages $1.50 per day. Apply at 10 o'clock at 79 CLARK-ST., Room 3. Also 5 laborers for farmers.

WANTED—A MAN TO WORK ON A FARM by the month. Inquire at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

WANTED—AT HOME, A SINGLE MAN OF twenty talent, 30 years of age, as salesman in a wholesale house. Address, stating salary, Box 2, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE AN INTEREST in and charge of, or hire, a first-class boot and shoe business. Capital required, $2,000. Address NORTHWEST, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO LEAVE TODAY 25 LABORERS for railroad work; wages $1.50 per day. Apply at 79 CLARK-ST., Room 3. For further information apply to R. F. CHRISTIAN, 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN IN AN OLD ESTAB-lished boot business. Enquire at 185 South Clark-st. Only those not near residence need apply.

WANTED—LABORERS FOR THE NORTHERN Pacific Railroad; railroad fare paid. No one will be allowed to go to the city. I farm hands, and other wages. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

WANTED—SALESMEN, TO MEN EXPERI-enced in selling our goods we will pay $5 per day and expenses. Address at once, stating age, G. D. CRUVER & CO., 147 Lake-st., Chicago.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED RESTAURANT waiter at ANDERSON'S European House, 151 Randolph-st.

WANTED—100 RAILROAD LABORERS FOR Grand Haven, Mich.; fare $2. Inquire at 82 Clark-st., Room 2, up stairs.

WANTED—A QUARRY MEN. WAGES $1.50 per day. Free transportation. Apply to ADLER & SAMUELS, Room 10, 79 Clark-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS FARM HANDS. NONE but sober and industrious need apply. GLOTHIER & RAFERTY, 152 South Clark-st.

Boarding and Lodging.

WANTED—FOR CASH WHOLESALE HOUSE, 2 gentlemen to board in a private family; must be willing to sleep in a double bed. Call on Monday, at 111 Monroe-st., Room 3.

WANTED—TWO SMART MEN TO SOLICIT work for a laundry, second floor. Apply at 111 Monroe-st., Room 3, between 9 and 10 o'clock.

Trades.

WANTED—CORNICE MEN—TWO OR THREE good workmen wanted immediately to do patent-ing; steady work and good wages. Apply at once to HOLT, BALL & HORN, 80 Main-st., Lafayette, Ind.

WANTED—FOUR FIRST-CLASS WOOD TURN-ers; steady employment and good wages. Apply to the Company. Address CONANT & MOORE, Fitch-burg, Mass. Planing Mill.

WANTED—THREE SPINNERS, ONE SECOND hand and two reelers on cotton yarns. Apply to HENRY S. TYLER, South Side Woolen Mill, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—TWO CARRIAGE BLACKSMITHS, to whom steady work and good wages will be given. None others need apply. J. L. MILLER & CO., Rockford, Ill.

WANTED—FIREMAN—A GOOD STEADY MAN will find steady employment at the WESTERN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 8, Fourth-st., Chicago.

WANTED—A GARDENER, WHO THOROUGH-ly understands his business, to take charge; in the country and keep up a country residence. A married man, without children, preferred. Address, stating wages, etc., Box 2, Tribune office, sending full particulars. Also, a man to work on a farm. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3, or 10 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A MAN FOR SACRAMENTO CITY. Cal., to run a Power tobacco stemming machine. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3, or address P. O. Box 2,502, Chicago.

WANTED—A GOOD BARBER AT 181½ WEST Lake-st., near Halsted. Steady employment.

WANTED—TEN GOOD STONE MASONS AT Evanston.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—TWO FIRST-CLASS oil finishers. Apply to F. WOLFINGER, 20 Van Buren-st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A GERMAN, SWEDISH, AND NOR-wegian girl to do housework in a small family; no children; must be willing to do the washing and ironing. Apply at 10 Van Buren-st., Room 3, up stairs.

WANTED—A GERMAN PROTESTANT GIRL. Apply at 1 Union-st., A German preferred.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALES LADY in a retail dry goods store. Also one who understands the business of a Notion Counter. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

Domestics.

WANTED—A GIRL, TO DO GENERAL HOUSE-work; must be of the Protestant faith. Apply at 184 Wabash-av.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A GOOD COOK, washer and ironer at 54 Calumet-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL, TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family. Inquire at 1,000 Wabash-av., near Thirteenth-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN, TO DO general housework in a small family. Inquire at 1,000 Wabash-av.

WANTED—AT MRS. SIEBERT'S, 19 STATE-ST., good German girl to do cooking, washing and ironing; with best of references. Apply as above.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR KITCHEN GIRL. Must bring references. Wages $2 per week. Apply at 185 Michigan-av.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY — ONE DINING-room girl, one chamber girl, one seamstress, at Central House, No. 16 Randolph-st.

Seamstresses, &c.

WANTED—GIRLS TO RUN SINGER SEW-ing machines. Apply to JOHN SHORT, No. 154 Orchard-st.

WANTED—FOUR GOOD SEWERS. APPLY AT 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DIVORCES LEGALLY OBTAINED WITHOUT publicity, and at small expense. No fee unless de-cree is granted. Advice free. Office, 79 Clark-st., Room 3, up stairs. Consultation hours, 9 to 12 and 2 to 5.

DIVORCES OBTAINED IN A STRICTLY LEGAL manner. No publicity required. No charge unless a decree is granted. All cases examined. Information free. Office, 79 Clark-st., Room 3, up stairs. P. O. Box 2,502, Chicago.

CHARLES SAYERS—THE MOST HOPELESS CASES cured. Private practice. Address Wm. F. PARSON & CO., Lafayette, Ind.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE — 1,000 — GOOD second-hand sewing machines. Address, stating price, ARM, Tribune office.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF OLD BOOKS, ALSO old newspapers, at 139 South Clark-st. Cash paid at HARTLETT'S, 139 South Clark-st.

WILL SOME YOUNG MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS and business qualifications call on the subscriber in taking a light and pleasant business? Salary $1,000 per year. Address, with reference, H. Mattoon & A. WELLS-ST., Tribune office.

WANTED—ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF OLD books and newspapers, at 139 South Clark-st., near Polk, at HARTLETT'S.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CORNER GROCERY STORE FOR SALE. Good location, and an old stand, with a large trade established. Will be sold cheap. Reasons for selling, too much business for one man. Address WILLIAM W., Tribune office.

A BAKERY FOR SALE, WELL-LOCATED AND doing a good business. Reasons for selling, ill health. For particulars inquire at 241 Twenty-second-st.

AT A BARGAIN—ONE OF THE BEST SALOONS in the city. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

A GOOD CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM, AND fruit saloon, for sale cheap. Inquire for information at 151 Randolph-st.

DARBY, WITH ICE CREAM SALOON, FOR sale. Everything new and complete. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE DOING A GOOD business. Reasons for selling, other business. Address, 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

CONFECTIONERY FOR SALE CHEAP. AS THE owner has other business to attend to, he will sell his entire stock and fixtures at a bargain. Call at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

HALF OR WHOLE INTEREST IN A PLANING mill, suitable for machinery, to take charge; in the country. Address MILL, Tribune office.

I OFFER FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR IM-proved city property, 160 acres of land in Missouri. The land is situated near the Missouri River, in a good neighborhood, and is worth $10 per acre. Address P. C. HARRIS, 15 and 16 Bryan-st.

RARE CHANCE FOR BUSINESS—MAY PREFER one or more partners. For sale, the entire stock of one of Chicago's most popular confectionery, ice cream and fruit saloons, doing a good business, and is centrally located. Will sell at a bargain, or exchange for real estate. Call or address 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO $3,000 in a first-class manufacturing business. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $5,000 CAPITAL to take an interest, either sole or silent, in the manufacture of a patent article of great merit. The best of references as to character required. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—A SMART YOUNG MAN will not have more than $1,500, as partner; that will be required to travel. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WHO CAN FURNISH $2,000 to $3,000 to manufacture a patent article of great merit. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO $3,000 in a first-class manufacturing business. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—CAN SHOW MANU-facturing business that will pay 100 per cent on investment. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $200 TO $500. Business opportunities unexcelled. Partner must be a good penman. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO $3,000 in a first-class manufacturing business. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—TWO FIRST-CLASS oil finishers. Apply to F. WOLFINGER, 20 Van Buren-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—TWO-STORY HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, with basement, No. 87 Ann-st., between Lake and Randolph; $20 per month. WEST, AUSTIN & OTTAWAY, Real Estate Agents, 88 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE MARBLE-FRONT house, just completed; possession given. K. FOWLER, 102 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—BRICK HOUSE OF 11 ROOMS, NO. 37 West Lake-st., Cass, water. Also, Nos. 39 and 41, same block, 8 rooms each. Apply to JOHN C. HAINES, Cass, near Lake.

TO RENT—A GOOD TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, No. 7 Ann-st., between Lake and Randolph. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

TO RENT—A GOOD TWO-STORY FRAME house, with basement, No. 7 Ann-st., between Lake and Randolph. Apply at 79 Clark-st., Room 3.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—AS PRINTER, 18 YEARS of age, by an experienced boy. Address, stating wages, Box 2, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, as porter in a store or as a gentleman's waiter. Can give good reference. Address, stating wages, Box 2, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, as porter, or to do chores around a store. Can give best of references. Address, stating wages, Box 2, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, as porter in a store or as a gentleman's waiter. Can give good reference. Address, stating wages, Box 2, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, with an experience of 3 years, as salesman in a dry goods store. Address, stating salary, Box 2, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A BLACKSMITH, at Kelly Brother, corner of Lake and Canal-sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FOR HOUSEKEEPERS; 1 girl and baby, country, suburbs, wives; 1 to wash, iron and do chamber work; 1 to do housework in small family; 1 to do housework and assist GLOTHIER & RAFERTY, 152 South Clark-st.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do housework in a small family. Can be found at 79 Clark-st., Room 3, up stairs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED Protestant girl, to do second work or housework. Call at 79 Clark-st., Room 3, up stairs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD COOK, washer and ironer. Can be found at 79 Clark-st., Room 3, up stairs. Private families only.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A DRESSMAKER, to go out to do work by the day. Call at 79 Clark-st., Room 3, up stairs.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED, WITH $5,000 CAPITAL to manufacture a patent article of great merit. Will stand to an investment of $10,000 to $15,000. Call on Monday, at 111 Monroe-st., Room 3.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO $3,000 in a first-class manufacturing business. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO $3,000 to manufacture a patent article of great merit. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $2,000 TO $3,000 in a first-class manufacturing business. Address, with name, Box 2, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—STORES, 181 and 183 South Water-st. Apply to P. GEIDER, 42 South Clark-st., Room 7.

TO RENT—STORE, 39 WEST MADISON-ST., Temporary Block, 80 ft. suitable for any first-class business. Enquire on the premises, or of P. GEIDER, 42 South Clark-st., Room 7.

TO RENT—CHEAP—STORE 59 STATE-ST., NEAR Madison. Enquire of P. GEIDER, 42 South Clark-st., Room 7.

TO RENT—STORE 39 WASHINGTON-ST., NEAR Madison. Enquire of P. GEIDER, 42 South Clark-st., Room 7.

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TO RENT—STORE,

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TRIBUNE COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill.

TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1870.

MR. SCHENCK'S LITTLE BILL.

General Schenck's tariff amendment to the Internal Revenue bill is a dead swindle from every point of view. It is a swindle on the House of Representatives, in that it requires, under the peculiar decisions of the Speaker, a single vote upon a large number of items of taxation, without any chance to vote upon them separately. It is a swindle on the people, in that it seeks to diminish the revenue of the government, and at the same time to increase taxation for private interests. It is an evident swindle, in that it seeks to fasten an obnoxious measure which it has been proved could not go through on its own merits, as a part of the general revenue measure. It is a premeditated fraud, in that it seeks to delude the people with the idea that they are to obtain some benefit by a reduction of the duties on tea, coffee and sugar, when at the same time an increased price is put upon the railway bars by which their name tea, coffee and sugar are transported to them, and their own products transported in exchange for them.

It is time that this last-mentioned fraud was exposed. Let it be borne in mind, therefore, that whatever is paid in the way of duties on tea, coffee, and sugar, constitutes *government revenue*, and that, if the government loses this revenue, it must tax the people in some other way in order to meet its expenses and maintain its credit. Let it be borne in mind, also, that the proposed increase in the duty on steel rails, or bridal, and on flattened and linseed oil, constitutes private and individual revenue. The Schenck amendment, therefore, is a measure to legislate a certain amount of money out of the public Treasury and into the pockets of certain favored persons and classes. It is a covertly measure, in that it does not appropriate this money directly, as Mr. Lynch proposed to do in his ship-building bill, but seeks to accomplish the same result in an indirect and roundabout manner.

General Schenck may fancy that the process is so involved and intricate that the people cannot see it. If so he is vastly mistaken. When he goes before the voters of Southern Ohio this fall, he will be met with a catechism on the subject of "tariff reform" that will hold his big mustache in a terrible pugnacity. He will be asked, for instance, whether he voted to relieve Farmer Smith of twenty-five cents tax on his sugar, in order to give fifty cents to D. J. Morrell on the transportation of his wheat, and the same amount to Mr. Joseph Wharton, the proprietor of a nickel mine, on his German silver spoons. He will have to answer these questions, and others of like character, in the presence of acute reasoners and intelligent people, who are no longer banding their energies to put down the rebellion or puzzling their heads over negro suffrage, Fifteenth Amendment, and "visible admixture." Tea, coffee and sugar, entered with a steel rail, will be the entertainment to which he will be invited. We do not believe he will enjoy it.

EDUCATION BY THE STATE.

The *Western Catholic* says it has no an swer to the question, "opposing the liberties of 'paternal government,' we do not deny the right of the State to provide for the education of children."

That is a wide difference between the interference of the government to compel a citizen to buy his iron, his coal, and his clothing of a particular dealer, and the interference of the government to provide a school where those unable to obtain education otherwise may receive it. Because we object to Congress requiring the whole American people to buy peanuts from North Carolina, and oranges from Florida, and sand rails from D. J. Morrell, it does not follow that we must object to the State of Illinois providing school houses and teachers for the instruction of those who otherwise could not, or would not, receive any instruction at all. We do not admit that the government can prohibit private or other schools, or compel children to attend one school when their parents wish them to attend another. One of the duties which all civilized governments have felt to contribute upon them is the establishment of public hospitals for the relief of those for whom and care of the insane, of the blind, and the deaf and dumb. The laws of every land also interfere with parental authority, to the extent of prescribing the limit to that authority. It is for the interest of the State to provide for the protection of the children, who are not to be left to the selfishness or brutality of those who should be their protectors. The State is interested in the education of children. It is no longer a question whether it is for a person to be able to read and write, and have at least a knowledge of the rudiments of learning. No opponent of State education will deny that it is cruel and inexcusable in a parent to suffer his children the opportunity of attending school. The State has the same right to interfere and require parents to send their children to schools that it has to prevent their being compelled to work beyond their strength, or at labor unsuited for their years. Experience in all ages and in all lands has shown that parental love has a powerful antagonist in parental selfishness, and that where education is left exclusively to the voluntary procurement of parents, it is omitted in a very large degree. It is difficult for a very large portion of society to obtain means to pay for the education of children. Yet society has the same interest in having them educated as in having any other children educated. Men who live by their daily labor find it most difficult to pay for the education of from two to five children, or three or four years each. To do so requires, in every case, a large proportion of the man's earnings. Opposed to the prohibition of such a sum by the natural instinct of parents, with the same strength other things of which the family stand in need might be procured, and that the boys and girls might be earning money for the support of their parents. How strong such an appeal becomes, when addressed to families living from day to day upon the earnings of the father, is shown in the fact that thousands of children, from 8 to 14 years of age, are kept in this city, who have been taken from school as soon as they could read words of three syllables. "Stern necessity" is the answer given to the question, "Why do you take this boy from a school where there is no tuition fee required?" And if this be the case even where tuition is free, how much stronger will the demand of necessity be where the parent has to pay his quarter bill of from $5 to $10 for each child? To meet this actual or assumed inability and consequent refusal of parents to send their children to school, the State is entitled, by the same right that it does to compel parents to properly feed and clothe their children, and to provide medical aid when sick; it is entitled to say that if such parents refuse to send the children away from persons who lead vicious lives, or train them to crime, or who maltreat or otherwise injure them in body or in mind.

This interposition by the State to provide schools, and to compel the attendance of children at the public schools when they prefer to attend others. In providing public hospitals for the sick and insane, it does not forbid the establishment of hospitals, or compel patients to go and to the public institutions. Freedom of choice must be left to the parent, or guardian, or citizen, but the end may be attained. This is the abridgment of any fundamental or proper right of parents or others. The State forbids schools of the public expense, and, if occasion demands it, may lawfully compel children to attend them who do not attend some other schools. It is true these schools must be supported by taxation, but so are public hospitals and school boards are not to pass for it's fundamental principle. The tax for purposes is collected equally from those who have no children, and from those who send their children to private schools, as from those who are directly benefited. It must be so necessarily. And other system would be oppressive and unjust. Those schools stand also on grandeur. The State cannot establish schools as a matter of pecuniary gain. Its authority begins and ends with the right to require the education of all

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

Unanimous of the Press.

The more the people of this State study the provisions of the new constitution the better do they like it. We examine our list of comments on the subject and find

The Chicago Advance thinks the new constitution will be ratified. It shuts down on railroad corporations, cuts off the two evil sessions, and lays an effectual barrier in the way of consolidating of the Illinois Central Railroad [illegible].

The **Joliet Republican** considers the new constitution a great improvement upon the old one, although some features do not suit its views, real some of the articles to be submitted separately should be defeated, yet, as a whole, it will be adopted.

The **Peoria Democratic Union** finds one feature of the new instrument very unpalatable, namely, the exclusion of negroes in the ballot box. Otherwise, we shall give it our support, and indeed have already done so.

The **Galesburg Republican** considers the new constitution a great improvement upon the old one, and will have little more to say about it, except to urge its adoption.

The **Rock Island Argus** has little or nothing to say, but thinks, in view of the fact that the members work of the whole body of statesmen were assembled in this State, the instrument as a whole should be adopted.

The **Quincy Herald** says that, while there are some faults in the document, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Rockford Register** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Sterling Gazette** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Aurora Beacon** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Elgin Advertiser** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Belvidere Standard** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Freeport Bulletin** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Rockford Gazette** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Rockford Democrat** says that, while there are some faults in the new constitution, it is, on the whole, a very good one, and should be adopted.

The **Rockford Register

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1870.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Passage of Ordinances to Issue $200 Tunnel, 3,000 Water, and 135 Bridewell Bonds.

Fool Inspector for the Sixth Ward—Halsted Street Viaduct—Personal Injuries.

A regular meeting of the Common Council was yesterday evening, the President in the chair.

Present—Aldermen Throop, Donnelley, Dixon, Montgomery, Oakley, Meaney, Dezzy, Kehoe, Tracey, Hickey, Butterman, Hildreth, Hall (W. H.), Tyrrell (George), Holden, Wise, Hall (A.), Woodard, Hoffman, Campbell, Ahlf, McGrath, Sullivan, Tyler, Beagley, Herting, McCauley, and Kehoe.

SCHOOL INSPECTOR.

Mr. Tracey moved that the Council proceed to election of a school inspector for the SIXTH ward, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Healy.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Tracey nominated Jonathan H. Hopkins as a suitable person, and he was elected—yeas, 34; nays, 1.

ELECTION OF DEATH AND REMOVAL.

Mr. McGrath moved that the Council proceed to election of an Inspector of Stores and Weights.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McGrath nominated James B. Wall, and he was elected—yeas, 32; nays, none.

WATER AND SEWERAGE AVENUE.

Mr. Woodard moved the reconsideration of the vote passed at the evening session with reference to the ordinance, in order that it might be referred to a committee, to the end that the ordinance and the petition in favor of it might be considered.

The motion was agreed to.

The ordinance was then referred to the Committee on Finance, on the petition of Jonathan Young Scammon, and others, praying for the construction of a water and sewerage avenue through Lake street, from Halsted to the city limits, and for the report of the Committee on Finance on the petition of Jonathan Young Scammon, and others, praying for the construction of a water and sewerage avenue through Lake street, from Halsted to the city limits, and for the report of the Committee on Finance on the ordinance providing for the payment of the expenses of the construction of said avenue.

Mr. McCauley moved to lay the motion on the table.

The motion was not agreed to—yeas, 24; nays, 26, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Hale, Montgomery, Oakley, Meaney, Dezzy, Hickey, Butterman, Hildreth, Hall (W. H.), Tyrrell (George), Holden, Wise, Hall (A.), Woodard, Hoffman, Campbell, Ahlf, McGrath, Sullivan, Tyler, Beagley, Herting, McCauley, and Kehoe—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Throop, Donnelley, Dixon, Tracey, Bradley, Sullivan, Tyrrell (Michael), Hall (Thomas), Ahlf, Tyrrell (Patrick), Tyrrell (Daniel